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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/657,803	09/08/2000	Hajime Tabata	0505-0673P	2995
75	90 08/25/2003			
Birch Stewart Kolasch & Birch LLP P O Box 747			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, DUC MINH	
Falls Church, V	Falls Church, VA 22040-0747		NGO LEN, DOC MINIT	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2643	16
			DATE MAILED: 08/25/2003	10

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Gr.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
3	09/657,803	TABATA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Duc Nguyen	2643				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute,  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed  s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Thi	s action is non-final.					
<ol> <li>Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under b Disposition of Claims</li> </ol>	nce except for formal matters, pi Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	rosecution as to the merits is 153 O.G. 213.				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-11 and 13-23</u> is/are pending in the	application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-11 and 13-23</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		• •				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		ved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No				
<ul><li>3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prioring</li><li>application from the International Bur</li><li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the prioring control of the</li></ul>	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	3				
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language prov 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	visional application has been rec	eived.				
Attachment(s)	,,					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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## DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 7, 8-11, 13-16, 17-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kodama (4,008,408) in view of Davis et al (6,345,102) and Szilagyi et al (6,396,197).

Consider claims 7, 10-11, 17, 19, 22-23. Kodama teaches a piezoelectric speaker comprising a frame having an opening therein (frame 1, fig. 4); a piezoelectric film located on one side of the frame and covering the opening (piezoelectric elements 2, figs. 4-9). Kodama does not teach a laminating film attached to the one side of the frame; and a detachable fastener integrally formed on the laminating film for fastening the piezoelectric speaker to an inner surface of a helmet.

Davis teaches a laminating film (fixing material 32; col. 3, ln. 16-26) attached to the one side of the frame; and a detachable fastener integrally formed on the laminating film for fastening the piezoelectric speaker to a surface of a sun visor (10). Davis does not teach the laminating film covering the piezoelectric film. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to entirely cover the back of the frame (26) with the

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laminating film (fixing material 32; col. 3, ln. 16-26) in order to securely hold the speaker to the sun visor (10).

Kodama in view of Davis does not teach a detachable fastener fastening the piezoelectric speaker to a inner surface of a helmet.

Szilagyi teaches a detachable fastener fastening the piezoelectric speaker to a surface of a helmet (abstract; col. 1, ln. 15-27, ln. 66 to col. 2, ln. 19, ln. 39-49; col. 5, ln. 28-48).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Szilagyi into the teachings of Kodama in view of Davis in order to provide a piezoelectric speaker that is easily secured to an existing structure.

Consider claim 8. Szilagyi further teaches the frame supports the piezoelectric film speaker in a curved state (fig. 1, frame 14 having base portion 20 and top portion 22).

Consider claim 9. Szilagyi further teaches the curvature of the frame has a radius of curvature in a range of 210mm to 360mm (fig. 8-9 show piezoelectric speakers being used in bicycle helmet which inherently has a radius of curvature in a range of 210mm to 360mm).

Consider claims 15-16, 18. Kodama teaches a piezoelectric speaker comprising a frame having an opening therein (frame 1, fig. 4); a piezoelectric film located on one side of the frame and covering the opening (piezoelectric elements 2, figs. 4-9). Kodama does not teach a laminating film attached to the one side of the frame; and a detachable fastener securely formed on the laminating film at a position overlapping edges of the piezoelectric film but not overlapping the opening for fastening the piezoelectric speaker to an inner surface of a helmet.

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Davis teaches a laminating film (fixing material 32 does not overlap the opening of frame 26; col. 3, ln. 16-26) attached to the one side of the frame. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the fixing material (32) as taught by Davis with the piezoelectric speaker as taught by Kodama in order to securely hold the speaker to the sun visor (10). With this combination, the detachable fastener securely formed on the laminating film (32) at a position overlapping edges of the piezoelectric film but not overlapping the opening for fastening the piezoelectric speaker to a surface of a sun visor (10).

Kodama in view of Davis does not teach a detachable fastener fastening the piezoelectric speaker to a inner surface of a helmet.

Szilagyi teaches a detachable fastener fastening the piezoelectric speaker to a surface of a helmet (abstract; col. 1, ln. 15-27, ln. 66 to col. 2, ln. 19, ln. 39-49; col. 5, ln. 28-48).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Szilagyi into the teachings of Kodama in view of Davis in order to provide a piezoelectric speaker that is easily secured to an existing structure.

Consider claim 13. Davis' col. 3, ln. 16-26 reads on the limitations of this claim.

Consider claim 20. Szilagyi further teaches the frame supports the piezoelectric film speaker in a curved state (fig. 1, frame 14 having base portion 20 and top portion 22).

Consider claims 14, 21. Kodama further teaches the limitations of this claim in (fig. 3, frame pieces (1 and 4) and the piezoelectric element (2) is held by the pair of frame pieces 1 and 4 at the edges).

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## Conclusion

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Duc Nguyen whose telephone number is (703) 308-7527.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Kuntz, can be reached on (703) 305-4708.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (Group's Fax numbers) (703) 746-7251 (Examiner's Fax number, only for proposed amendment)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

August 21, 2003

PRIMARY EXAMINER